Name:________________________________________

State Math Contest – Junior Exam

Instructions:

• Do not turn this page until your proctor tells you.
• Enter your name, grade, and school information following the instructions given by your proctor.
• Calculators are **not** allowed on this exam.
• This is a multiple choice test with 40 questions. Each question is followed by answers marked a), b), c), d), and e). Only one answer is correct.
• Mark your answer to each problem on the bubble sheet Answer Form with a #2 pencil. Erase errors and stray marks. Only answers properly marked on the bubble sheet will be graded.
• **Scoring:** You will receive 6 points for each correct answer, 1.5 points for each problem left unanswered, and 0 points for each incorrect answer.
• You will have 2 hours and 30 minutes to finish the test.
1. The following pictures show two views of a non standard die (however the numbers 1 - 6 are represented on the die). How many dots are on the bottom face of figure 2?

![Die Images]

a) 6  

b) 2  

c) 3  

d) 4  

e) 5

2. Two bicyclists, Annie and Bonnie, are 30 miles apart on a steep road. Annie and Bonnie travel at a constant speed and start riding towards each other at the same time. Annie travels downhill and goes twice as fast as Bonnie. They expect to meet in one hour, but Annie stops for a flat tire after 30 minutes and she is unable to continue. How many minutes should Annie expect to wait for Bonnie if Bonnie continues at the same speed?

a) 45  

b) 60  

c) 75

d) 90  

e) 105

3. A certain museum holds many priceless works of art. The floor plan of the museum is shown below. What is the minimum number of security guards required, if guards must stay in one place, and every location in the museum must be visible to at least one of the guards?

![Museum Floor Plan]

a) 2  

b) 3  

c) 4  

d) 5  

e) 6
4. Find the product of all real solutions to the equation \( x^4 + 2x^2 - 35 = 0 \).
   a) 5  
b) -5  
c) 7  
d) -7  
e) -35

5. The number of real solutions of \( \frac{1}{x - 1} + \frac{2}{x - 2} = 1 \) is
   a) 0  
b) 1  
c) 2  
d) 3  
e) None

6. Traveling from Salt Lake City to Denver, a regularly priced adult ticket is discounted by 15% for seniors and 50% for children. Tickets for a party of 3 seniors, 5 adults, and 7 children cost $884. How much will it cost in dollars for 2 seniors, 6 adults, and 8 children?
   a) 884  
b) 856  
c) 868  
d) 936  
e) 976

7. \( (1/2)^4 + (1/16)^0 - 64^{-1/2} - (-32)^{-4/5} = \)
   a) -367/16  
b) -127/16  
c) -1/8  
d) 7/8  
e) 129/16

8. The large triangle below is divided into two triangles of areas \( \alpha \) and \( \beta \). Find \( \alpha/\beta \).

   a) \( \frac{3}{5} \)  
b) \( \frac{1}{2} \)  
c) \( \frac{4}{6} \)  
d) \( \frac{3}{4} \)  
e) \( \frac{7}{11} \)
9. Let
\[ f(x) = \begin{cases} 
2x & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 0.5 \\
2(1 - x) & \text{for } 0.5 < x \leq 1.
\end{cases} \]

If \( x_0 = \frac{6}{7} \) and \( x_n = f(x_{n-1}) \) for \( n \geq 1 \), find \( x_{100} \).

   a) \( \frac{2}{7} \)  
   b) \( \frac{4}{7} \)  
   c) \( \frac{6}{7} \)
   d) \( \frac{10}{7} \)  
   e) \( \frac{96}{7} \)

10. When \( 3x^{12} - x^3 + 5 \) is divided by \( x + 1 \) the remainder is:

   a) 1  
   b) 3  
   c) 5
   d) 7  
   e) 9

11. A factor of 243,000,000 is chosen at random. What is the probability that the factor is a multiple of 9?

   a) \( \frac{1}{3,000} \)  
   b) 0  
   c) \( \frac{1}{6} \)
   d) \( \frac{1}{3} \)  
   e) \( \frac{2}{3} \)

12. How many different kinds of pieces can you cut from an 8\times8 checkered board consisting of four 1\times1 squares that are joined end to end?

   **Note:** Two pieces are the same if one of the pieces can be rotated or translated in the plane to obtain the other piece.

   a) 10  
   b) 12  
   c) 20
   d) 8  
   e) 16
13. High schools in Utah are divided into different classifications, with the largest schools classified as 5A and the next largest schools classified as 4A.

If the smallest 5A school is reclassified as 4A, what will happen to the average size of schools in the two classifications?

- The average 4A size will go down, and the average 5A size will go up.
- The average 4A size will go up, and the average 5A size will go up.
- The average 4A size will go down, and the average 5A size will go down.
- The average 4A size will go up, and the average 5A size will go down.
- None of the above is always true.

14. How many ways can you write 5 as the sum of one or more positive integers if different orders are not counted differently? For example, there are three ways to write 3 in this way: 1 + 1 + 1, 1 + 2, and 3.

- 7
- 6
- 8
- 5
- 10

15. How many real solutions does the equation \( x^{3/2} - 32x^{1/2} = 0 \) have?

- 0
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

16. When slicing a rectangular cake, what is the smallest number of straight cuts that you need to make exactly 7 pieces?

- 7
- 6
- 5
- 4
- 3

17. A very thin disk has an area (on one side) of \( 4\pi \). A square window is cut into a wall. What is the smallest area (the lower bound) the window can have and still be large enough for the disk to fit through?

- \( 16/\pi \)
- \( 4\pi \)
- \( 8\sqrt{2} \)
- 8
- 16
18. How many whole numbers from 1 to 10000, inclusive, are multiples of 20 but not of 22?
   a) 489  b) 478  c) 455
   d) 458  e) 432

19. The graph of the function $h(x)$ is a straight line. On the interval $2 \leq x \leq 4$ the function $h(x)$ satisfies $h(x) = 3 + |x - 4| + 2|x - 6|$. What is $h(7)$?
   a) $-5$  b) $-2$  c) 0
   d) 3  e) 19

20. Find the sum of all the fractions strictly between 0 and 1 which, in reduced form, have denominator less than or equal to 10.
   a) $\frac{21}{6}$  b) $\frac{43}{4}$  c) 25
   d) $\frac{43}{2}$  e) $\frac{31}{2}$

21. We use a base 10 number system. For example,

   $245 = 2(10^2) + 4(10^1) + 5(10^0)$.

   Suppose we work instead in a base 5 system. Then

   $4312 = 4(5^3) + 3(5^2) + 1(5^1) + 2(5^0)$.

   If the expression $1303 - 422$ is considered in base 5, what is its value?
   a) 341  b) 881  c) 331
   d) 12006  e) 431

22. Let $\epsilon = 10^{-25} = .000000000000000000000000001$, and let $x = \sqrt{1+2\epsilon}$, $y = \sqrt[3]{1+3\epsilon}$ and $z = 1 + \epsilon$.
   Rank the numbers $x$, $y$ and $z$. If any of them are equal, say so.
   a) $y > x > z$  b) $x < y < z$  c) $x = y = z$
   d) $y < x < z$  e) $x = y > z$
23. How many of the following triples can be the side lengths of an obtuse triangle?

\((2, 2, 3), (3, 5, 7), (3, 7, 11), (7, 9, 11)\)

a) 0  b) 1  c) 2  d) 3  e) 4

24. Seven students in a classroom are to be divided into two groups of two and one group of three. In how many ways can this be done?

a) 3  b) 35  c) 90  d) 105  e) 315

25. If \(|r| < 1\), then \((a)^2 + (ar)^2 + (ar^2)^2 + (ar^3)^2 + \cdots =\)

a) \(\frac{a^2}{(1-r)^2}\)  b) \(\frac{a^2}{1+r^2}\)  c) \(\frac{a^2}{1-r^2}\)  
d) \(\frac{4a^2}{1+r^2}\)  e) none of these

26. Consider the set of colors \{white, black, red, orange, yellow, green, blue, purple\}. We define the operation of addition (+) on this set of colors such that if two colors from the set are added together, we obtain another (not necessarily distinct) color in the set. For example, the following rules are always satisfied.

blue + red = purple  
blue + yellow = green  
yellow + red = orange  
red + blue + yellow = white

In addition if black is added to another color, we obtain that color, while if a color is added to itself we obtain black. If this addition is commutative and associative, fill in the blank such that \(yellow + green + \underline{\quad} = purple\) is a true statement.

a) Green  b) Red  c) Black  d) Blue  e) Purple
27. When buying a bike from the *Math Bikes* company, there are three extra options to choose (a bell, a rear fender, and a basket), each of which you can choose to add to the bike or choose not to add it. If *Math Bikes* has sold 300 bikes, what is the largest number of bikes that you can guarantee to have exactly the same extras as each other?

- a) 8
- b) 37
- c) 38
- d) 43
- e) 292

28. A square and an equilateral triangle have the same area. Let $A$ be the area of the circle circumscribed around the square and $B$ be the area of the circle circumscribed around the triangle. Find \( \frac{A}{B} \).

- a) \( \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{8} \)
- b) \( \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6} \)
- c) \( \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} \)
- d) \( \frac{3}{8} \)
- e) \( \frac{3}{4} \)

29. Find the number of diagonals that can be drawn in a convex polygon with 200 sides.

**Note:** A *diagonal* of a polygon is any line segment between non-adjacent vertices.

- a) 1,969
- b) 1,970
- c) 20,000
- d) 19,700
- e) 19,699

30. Koch’s curve is created by starting with a line segment of length one. Call this stage 1.

Stage 1

To get from one stage to the next we divide each line segment into thirds and replace the middle third by two line segments of the same length.

Stage 2

Stage 3

Notice that at Stage 2 there are three bends in Koch’s curve. How many bends are there at Stage 6?

- a) 999
- b) 1023
- c) 1024
- d) 1025
- e) 1031
31. For a certain baseball team the probability of winning any game is \( P \), (the probability of winning a particular game is independent of any other games). What is the probability the team wins 3 out of 5 games?

   a) \( 10P^2(1 - P)^3 \)  
   b) \( 10P^3(1 - P)^2 \)  
   c) \( 5P^3(1 - P)^2 \)  
   d) \( 5P^2(1 - P)^3 \)  
   e) \( P^3(1 - P)^2 \)

32. If \( x \) is the fraction of numbers between 1 and 1,000, inclusive, which contain 4 as a digit, and \( y \) is the fraction of numbers between 1 and 10,000, inclusive which contain 4 as a digit, what is \( x/y \)?

   a) \( 2/3 \)  
   b) \( 3/4 \)  
   c) \( 27/34 \)  
   d) \( 271/3439 \)  
   e) \( 2710/3439 \)

33. Given that the area of the outer circle is ten square units, find the area of any one of the three equal circles which are tangent to each other and to the outer circle, and inscribed inside the circle of ten square units.

   a) \( 30(7 - 4\sqrt{3}) \) square units.  
   b) \( 2.5 \) square units.  
   c) \( \frac{10}{(3 + \sqrt{2})} \) square units.  
   d) \( \frac{\sqrt{10}}{3} \) square units.  
   e) \( 2 \) square units.

34. Let \( f(x) = 9x^2 + dx + 4 \). For certain values of \( d \), the equation \( f(x) = 0 \) has only one solution. For such a value of \( d \), which value of \( x \) could be a solution to \( f(x) = 0 \)?

   a) \( \frac{2}{3} \)  
   b) \( 1 \)  
   c) \( \frac{4}{3} \)  
   d) \( 3 \)  
   e) \( 12 \)
35. The natives of Wee-jee Islands rate 2 spears as worth 3 fishhooks and a knife, and will give 25 coconuts for 3 spears, 2 knives, and a fishhook together. Assuming each item is worth a whole number of coconuts, how many coconuts will the natives give for each article separately?

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36. An octagon in the plane is symmetric about the $x$-axis, the $y$-axis, and the line whose equations is $y = x$. If $(1, \sqrt{3})$ is a vertex of the octagon, find its area.

a) $6\sqrt{3}$

b) $11$

c) $6 + 2\sqrt{3}$

d) $2 + 6\sqrt{3}$

e) $4 + 4\sqrt{3}$

37. Five points are placed in a square with side length 1. What is the largest distance $d$ so that every pair of points is at least $d$ apart from each other?

a) 1

b) $\sqrt{2}$

c) $\sqrt{3}/2$

d) $1/2$

e) $\sqrt{2}/2$
38. A square number is an integer number which is the square of another integer. Positive square numbers satisfy the following properties:

- The units digit of a square number can only be 0, 1, 4, 5, 6, or 9.
- The digital root of a square number can only be 1, 4, 7, or 9.

The digital root is found by adding the digits of the number. If you get more than one digit you add the digits of the new number. Continue this until you get to a single digit. This digit is the digital root.

One of the following numbers is a square. Which one is it?

a) 4,751,006,864,295,101
b) 3,669,517,136,205,224
c) 2,512,339,789,576,516
d) 1,898,732,825,398,318
e) 5,901,643,220,186,107

39. A regular octahedron is formed by setting its vertices at the centers of the faces of the cube. Another regular octahedron is formed around the cube by making the center of each triangle of the octahedron hit at a vertex of the cube. What is the ratio of the volume of the larger octahedron to that of the smaller octahedron?

a) $2\sqrt{2}$  
b) $27/8$  
c) $3\sqrt{3}$
d) 8  
e) 27

40. In $\triangle ABC$, $AC = 13$, $BC = 15$ and the area of $\triangle ABC = 84$. If $CD = 7$, $CE = 13$, and the area of $\triangle CDE$ can be represented as $\frac{p}{q}$ where $p$ and $q$ are relatively prime positive integers, find $q$.

a) 3  
b) 5  
c) 7
d) 11  
e) 13